460th SPACE WING



MISSION

The wing's operational mission is to provide missile warning, missile defense, technical intelligence, nuclear detonation detection, satellite-command and control, battlespace awareness and robust communications to the President, secretary of defense, combatant commanders, intelligence agencies and global warfighters. The wing's team of space professionals operates the Space-Based Infrared System, which is composed of the Defense Support Program satellites and the next generation SBIRS satellites.

The 460th SW operates and maintains Buckley AFB, Colo. It provides security, communications, civil engineering, personnel, services, logistics and medical support to more than 79 active duty/Guard/Reserve units from all branches of military service and approximately 90,000 military, civilian and retired personnel. The wing, comprised of approximately 1,700 military, civilians and contractors, also plans and executes infrastructure and quality-of-life programs to make Buckley a model AFB. It ensures world-class support, maintains operationally ready forces and provides superior customer service.

LINEAGE

460th Bombardment Group (Heavy) established, 19 May 1943 Activated, 1 Jul 1943 Redesignated 460th Bombardment Group, Heavy 3 Sep 1944 Inactivated, 26 Sep 1945

460th Tactical Reconnaissance Wing established and activated, 2 Feb 1966 Organized, 18 Feb 1966 Inactivated, 31 Aug 1971

460th Bombardment Group, Heavy and 460th Tactical Reconnaissance Wing consolidated, 31 Jan 1984 Redesignated 460th Tactical Reconnaissance Group, 19 Sep 1989 Activated, 1 Oct 1989 Inactivated, 1 Oct 1990 Redesignated 460th Air Base Wing, 26 Apr 2001 Activated, 1 Oct 2001 Redesignated 460th Space Wing, 19 Aug 2004

STATIONS

Alamogordo AAFld, NM, 1 Jul 1943 Kearns AAB, UT, 31 Aug 1943 Chatham AAFld, GA, 29 Oct 1943 Camp Patrick Henry, VA, 4-13 Jan 1944 (ground echelon) Spinazzola, Italy, 11 Feb 1944-Jun 1945 Waller Field, Trinidad, 15 Jun 1945 Paramirim Field, Natal, Brazil, 30 Jun-26 Sep 1945 Tan Son Nhut AB, South Vietnam, 18 Feb 1966-31 Aug 1971 Taegu AB, South Korea, 1 Oct 1989-1 Oct 1990 Buckley AFB, CO, 1 Oct 2001

ASSIGNMENTS

II Bomber Command, 1 Jul 1943 Second Air Force, 6 Oct 1943 I Bomber Command, 29 Oct 1943 55th Bombardment Wing, 5 Feb 1944 South Atlantic Division, Air Transport Command, 15 Jun-26 Sep 1945 Pacific Air Forces, 2 Feb 1966 2nd Air Division, 18 Feb 1966 Seventh Air Force, 1 Apr 1966-31 Aug 1971 Seventh Air Force, 1 Oct 1989-1 Oct 1990 Fourteenth Air Force, 1 Oct 2001

WEAPON SYSTEMS

B-24, 1943-1945 RB-57, 1966-1971 EB/RB-66, 1966 RF-4, 1966-1971 RF-101, 1966-1970 RC-47, 1966-1967 EC-47, 1967-1971 RF-4, 1989-1990

COMMANDERS

Unkn, 1 Jul-11 Aug 1943 Col Robert T. Crowder, 12 August 1943 Col Bertram C. Harrison, 16 Apr 1944 LTC Harold T. Babb, 20 Sep 1944 Col John M. Price, 18 Oct 1944-unkn (at least through Apr 1945) Unkn, 18 Feb-13 Mar 1966 Col Edward H. Taylor, 14 Mar 1966 Col Robert G. Williams, Mar 1967 BG Robert J. Holbury, 21 Dec 1967 Col Leslie J. Westbert, 8 Jul 1968 Col Hal L. Fitzpatrick, 28 May 1969 Col Harry M. Chapman, 21 Jun 1969 Col James E. Tilton, 1 May 1970 Col Dale L. Flowers, 15 Apr 1971 Col Jerome F. O'Malley, 1-31 Aug 1971 Col Gene N. Patton, 1 Oct 1989 LTC Robert S. Hillmer, 13 Aug-1 Oct 1990 Col James A. Sands, 1 Oct 2001 Col Allen Kirkman, Jr., 39 Jun 2003 Col David W. Zeigler, 20 Jun 2005

HONORS Service Streamers

Campaign Streamers

Armed Forces Expeditionary Streamers

Decorations Service Streamers World War II American Theater

Campaign Streamers

World War II Rome-Arno Southern France North Apennines Po Valley Air Offensive, Europe Normandy Northern France Rhineland Central Europe Air Combat, EAME Theater Vietnam Vietnam Air Vietnam Air Offensive Vietnam Air Offensive, Phase II Vietnam Air Offensive, Phase III Vietnam Air/Ground Vietnam Air Offensive, Phase IV TET 69/Counteroffensive

Vietnam Summer/Fall, 1969 Vietnam Winter/Spring 1970 Sanctuary Counteroffensive Southwest Monsoon Commando Hunt V Commando Hunt VI

Armed Forces Expeditionary Streamers

None

Decorations

Distinguished Unit Citation Austria, 26 Jul 1944

Presidential Unit Citations (Southeast Asia) 18 Feb 1966-30 Jun 1967 1 Sep 1967-10 Jul 1968 11 Jul 1968-31 Aug 1969 1 Feb-31 Mar 1971

Air Force Outstanding Unit Awards with Combat "V" Device 1 Jul 1969-30 Jun 1970 1 Jul 1970-30 Jun 1971

Air Force Outstanding Unit Award 1 Oct 1989-[1] Oct 1990 1 Oct 2001-1 Oct 2002 2 Oct 2002-2 Oct 2003

Republic of Vietnam Gallantry Cross with Palm 1 Apr 1966-31 Aug 1971

EMBLEM



460th Air Base Wing emblem: Azure, in chief a winged eye Proper, wings extended fesswise Argent, the eye emitting six rays throughout Or, three in pile to chief and three in pile reversed surmounted in base by a demi-globe Celeste, gridlined Sable, encircled by two elliptical orbits in saltire of the second, each surmounted at dexter and sinister apex by a Pole Star of four points Yellow garnished Gold Brown, all within a diminished border of the third. Attached below the shield, a White scroll edged with a narrow Yellow border and inscribed "460TH AIR BASE WING" in Blue letters. Ultramarine blue and Air Force yellow are the Air Force colors. Blue alludes to the sky, the primary theater of Air Force operations. Yellow refers to the sun and the excellence required of Air Force personnel. The winged eye reflects the unit's heritage. The two orbiting Pole Stars depict the Active Duty and Reserve Components supported the Wing. The globe symbolizes the global nature of the Wing's mission. (Approved, 3 Dec 2001)

ΜΟΤΤΟ

NICKNAME

OPERATIONS

Trained at bases in New Mexico, Utah, and Georgia for heavy bombardment operations. Moved to Italy in Feb 1944 and entered combat on 19 Mar under the Fifteenth Air Force. Served primarily as a strategic bombardment organization until Apr 1945. Bombed enemy marshalling yards, oil refineries and storage facilities, aircraft factories, industrial areas, and other objectives in Italy, France, Germany, Poland, Czechoslovakia, Hungary, Austria, Rumania, Yugoslavia, and Greece. Earned a Distinguished Unit Citation for leading a wing formation through adverse weather and heavy enemy fire to attack an airfield and aircraft facilities in Zwolfaxing, Austria, on 26 Jul 1944.

The group also flew some interdiction and support missions. Supported the invasion of southern France in Aug by raiding submarine pens, marshalling yards, and gun positions in the assault area. Struck bridges, viaducts, ammunition dumps, railroads, and other targets to aid the advance of Allied forces in northern Italy. Flew its last World War II combat mission on 26 Apr 1945. Moved to Trinidad and then to Brazil in Jun 1945 to assist in moving redeployed personnel from Europe to the United States.

The group's ground echelon moved to Camp Patrick, Va., in January 1944 and sailed aboard the Liberty Ship Thomas R. Marshall. It arrived in Spinazzola, Italy, Feb. 11. The air echelon flew the group's aircraft via the southern route and arrived at Spinazzola shortly after the ground echelon.

The unit entered combat as part of the 15th Air Force, flying its first combat mission March 19, 1944, against the marshaling yards at Matkovic, Yugoslavia. It operated primarily as a strategic bombardment organization until April 1945. During that period, it attacked oil refineries, oil storage facilities, aircraft factories, railroad centers, industrial areas and other objectives throughout Italy, France, Germany, Poland, Czechoslovakia, Hungary, Austria, Romania, Yugoslavia and Greece.

The group received a distinguished unit citation for leading a wing formation through adverse weather and heavy enemy fire to attack an airdrome and aircraft facilities in Zwolfaxing, Austria, July 26, 1944.

It also participated in some interdictory and support missions including the invasion of southern France in August 1944. It hit bridges, viaducts, ammunition dumps, railroads, and other targets to aid in the advance of allied forces in northern Italy. It flew its last combat mission April 26, 1945.

By June 1945, the group had moved to Trinidad and then to Brazil to support the Air Transport Command in moving re-deployed personnel from Europe to the United States. The group was deactivated Sept. 26, 1945.

Twenty years later, the 460th Tactical Reconnaissance Wing was organized in February 1966 to control and administer tactical reconnaissance resources in Southeast Asia. Assigned and attached tactical reconnaissance and tactical electronic warfare squadrons and squadron-sized detachments flew day and night visual, photographic, radar, thermographic, and electronic reconnaissance missions to meet the combat needs of the 2nd Air Division until April 1966 and for the 7th Air Force thereafter. It then divided reconnaissance in Southeast Asia with another wing in September 1966.

In October 1966, it assumed aircraft maintenance responsibility for all U.S. Air Force organizations using Tan Son Nhut AB, South Vietnam. It continued its reconnaissance operations through August 1971 and was inactivated Aug. 31 that year.

On Oct. 1, 2001, Air Force officials renamed and activated the 460th again, this time as the 460th Air Base Wing. On Aug. 19, 2004, the 460th became a space wing and gained a new group and squadron and assumed operational control of several others. The wing added the 460th Operations Group, 460th Operations Support Squadron which took over operational responsibilities for the 2nd, 8th and 137th Space Warning Squadrons from the 21st Space Wing. A year later, wing continued growing when its medical squadron became the 460th Medical

Group.

Air Force Order of Battle Created: 23 Nov 2010 Updated:

Sources Air Force Historical Research Agency. U.S. Air Force. Maxwell AFB, AL. The Institute of Heraldry. U.S. Army. Fort Belvoir, VA.